UNIVERSITY OF AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES, BENGALURU & INDIAN METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT



GRAMIN KRISHI MAUSAM SEWA AMFU, OFRS, NAGANAHALLI, MYSURU - 570003



Date: 21-03-2025

AGRO-ADVISORY BULLETIN FOR CHAMARAJANAGARA DISTRICT

Issued jointly by, UAS, Bengaluru & Indian Meteorological Department

	Past V	Veather Da	nta				
Pa	Parameter 18.03.2025 19.03.2025 20.03.2025 21.03.202						
Ra	infall (mm)	0	0	0	0		
Ma	ax. Temp. (°C)	35.7	36.8	36.8	35.9		
Mi	n. Temp. (°C)	19.2	20.1	19.5	18.4		
Sk	y condition (Octas)	-	-	-	-		
Re	lative humidity (%) 0830 hours	83	80	73	71		
Re	lative humidity (%) 1730 hours	-	-	_	-		
Wi	ind Speed (km/h)	-	-	-	-		
Wi	nd Direction	_	_	_	_		

Weather forecast for the next five days (From 22-03-2025 to 26-03-2025)							
Parameter	22.03.2025	23.03.2025	24.03.2025	25.03.2025	26.03.2025		
Rainfall (mm)	2	3	3	2	0		
Max. Temp. (°C)	36	35	35	35	35		
Min.Temp. (°C)	18	17	17	17	18		
Sky condition (Octas)	4	5	4	4	2		
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	83	81	83	78	77		
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	30	39	39	36	33		
Wind Speed (kmph)	8	8	8	10	10		
Wind Direction	165	158	158	154	173		

Forecast Summary

As forecast received from IMD, partially cloudy sky with very light rainfall may be expected from 22.03.2025 to 26.03.2025 in Chamarajanagara district. The day temperature is expected to be 35-36°C & night temperature is expected 17-18°C. The relative humidity in the morning hours is expected to be 77-83% & afternoon relative humidity is expected to be in the range of 30-39 %. Wind speed expected to be 8-10 km/hr.

SMS Advisory

A forecasted temperature for the next five days is 35-36°C. Farmers should irrigate crops adequately and use mulching to conserve soil moisture. Provide shade and sufficient drinking water for livestock to prevent heat stress. Very light rainfall aids in minimizing heat-related damage for crops.

Recommendations to the farmers:-							
Crop	Crop Pest/Disease Damage symptoms Control measures						
General Advisory:							

- **Light rainfall** will retain soil moisture, despite providing **irrigation at proper intervals is essential** to prevent drought stress.
- **Mulching** with straw, dry leaves, or plastic mulch will help retain soil moisture and reduce evaporation losses.
- **Pest and Disease Monitoring**: Dry conditions favor **thrips, mites, aphids**, and other sucking pests—regularly monitor crops and use biological or recommended chemical controls if necessary.
- **Drip Irrigation or Sprinkler System**: Efficient water management through **drip or sprinkler irrigation** is advised to optimize water usage.
- For harvested Crops: Proper drying and moisture management should be ensured before storage to prevent fungal and insect infestations.

Weather based advisory					
Crop	Stage	Advisory			
Paddy	Nursery to	Frequent light irrigation is necessary to maintain moisture.			
	transplanting	Use alternate wetting and drying irrigation to optimize water			
		use. Provide shade to nursery beds to reduce heat stress.			
Maize	Vegetative stage	Apply irrigation at regular intervals to prevent moisture			
		stress. Mulching with crop residues will help in conserving			
		soil moisture. Avoid heavy irrigation to prevent waterlogging.			
Tomato	Vegetative stage	High temperature can lead to flower drop. Apply light			
		irrigation during early morning or evening hours. Mulching is			
		recommended to maintain soil moisture.			
Cabbage,	Harvesting stage	Harvest crops early in the morning to avoid heat stress. Store			
Cauliflower		harvested produce in a cool and shaded area to maintain			
		freshness.			
Bean, Field Bean	Harvesting stage	Complete harvesting before peak temperatures to maintain			
		quality. Sun-dry harvested produce properly to avoid fungal			
		infection due to humidity changes.			
Chilli	Fruit formation	High temperatures can cause fruit drop. Maintain proper			
	stage	irrigation and mulch around plants to reduce soil temperature			
		and moisture loss. Provide shade nets if required.			
Banana	Fruit development	Frequent light irrigation is needed to prevent fruit shrinkage.			
	stage	Apply organic mulches to retain soil moisture. Provide			
	***	support to prevent plant lodging due to heat stress.			
Vegetable crops	Various stages	Ensure adequate irrigation. Use mulching to reduce soil			
		temperature. Monitor crops for pests such as mites and thrips,			
		which increase under high temperatures.			

Livestock, Poult	Livestock, Poultry, and Sericulture Advisory (Very light Rainfall & High Temperature					
Sector	Weather-Based Advisory					
Livestock	Ensure proper shade and ventilation in animal sheds. Provide ample clean drinking					
	water. Avoid grazing during peak heat hours. Provide mineral supplements to prevent					
	heat stress.					
Poultry	High temperatures may lead to heat stress, affecting egg production and bird health.					
	Maintain proper ventilation in poultry sheds. Provide cool drinking water with					
	electrolytes. Reduce feed quantity in the daytime and provide more during cooler					
	hours.					
Sericulture	High temperatures can stress silkworms. Maintain humidity by sprinkling water in					

rearing rooms. Provide proper aeration and shade to protect mulberry plants from heat
stress.

Moisture Conservation Practices and Summer Ploughing Advisory				
Practice	Weather-Based Advisory			
Mulching	Apply dry leaves, paddy straw, or organic waste around plants to reduce			
	evaporation losses and soil temperature.			
Summer Ploughing Since rainfall is absent, conduct deep summer ploughing to expose soil-bor				
	pests and improve aeration. It also helps in better moisture retention for the			
	next season.			
Irrigation	Follow drip irrigation or sprinkler irrigation to conserve water. Irrigate during			
Management	early morning or evening hours to minimize evaporation losses.			
Shading Measures For young plants and nurseries, use shade nets or temporary structures to				
	reduce direct heat impact.			

Sugarcane trash management

- **Composting:** Convert trash into organic manure.
- ➤ **Mulching:** Use as mulch to conserve moisture and suppress weeds.
- ➤ **Bio-decomposer:** Spray bio-decomposers (e.g., *Trichoderma, Pseudomonas*) on trash piles to accelerate decomposition.
- > Soil Incorporation: Shred and plow trash into the soil.
- ➤ **Vermicomposting:** Use in vermiculture for nutrient-rich compost.
- > Animal Bedding: Use for livestock, later as manure.
- > Avoid Burning: Opt for sustainable disposal methods.

Recommendation	to farmers
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Crop specific advisory:

Crop	Stage	Advisory				
Maize fall army worm	Vegetative stage	 ✓ Handpick and destroy egg masses and larvae. ✓ Use predators like <i>Trichogramma pretiosum</i> or parasitoids like <i>Telenomus remus</i>. ✓ Apply <i>Metarhizium anisopliae</i> or <i>Beauveria bassiana</i>. ✓ Spray Chlorantraniliprole 18.5% SC @ 0.4 ml/l or Emamectin benzoate 5% SG @ 0.4 g/l. Avoid excessive nitrogen application. 				
Coconut rugose whitefly	 ✓ Prune and burn infested leaves. ✓ Release <i>Encarsia guadeloupae</i> parasitoids. Conserve natural predators like ladybird beetles (<i>Cryptolaemus montrouzieri</i>). ✓ Spray Neem oil 1% or use Acephate 75 SP @ 1 g/l as a spot application if infestation is severe. 					
Chilli leaf curl virus	Vegetative stage	 ✓ Use virus-free seeds and resistant varieties. Maintain proper spacing and avoid overlapping. ✓ Remove and destroy infected plants. Use yellow sticky traps to monitor whitefly populations. ✓ Spray Imidacloprid 17.8% SL @ 0.5 ml/l or Thiamethoxam 25 WG @ 0.3 g/l. 				
Cabbage diamond back moth	Head stage	 Spray DDVP 76 EC. @0.5 ml./lit water in nursery. 15 days before transplanting around the main field and every 25 rows of cabbage one row of mustard sowing, 15 to 20 days after cabbage planting another row of mustard sowing. Mustard as trap crop. Spray on mustard with 0.5 ml. DDVP 				

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		 in a lit. water. During head formation, spray 5 per cent NSKE. Birdpurches may be provided to attract predatory birds.
Bean Pod borer	Pod formation stage	Spray 2.0 ml. Malathion 50 EC./ lit. water.
Tomato Early and late blight of tomato	Fruiting stage	For late blight of tomato 15 days prior to transplanting Trichoderma and Pseudomonas enriched compost may be incorporated to the soil. For early blight control spray 2.0 g. Mancozeb 75 WP OR 2.0 g. Maneb OR 2.0 g. Metalaxyl- MZ 72WP. OR 2.0 g. Dimethomorph + polyram/lit. water. For control of late blight spray 2.0 g. Metalaxyl - MZ 72WP. OR 2.0 g. Fosetyl al 80 WP OR 2.0 g. Dimethomorph + polyram in a lit. water, 5 weeks after transplanting. Repeat the spray 7th, 9th and 11th weeks after transplanting. 200- 250 lit. spray solution required/acre/spray.
Banana Leaf Fruit spot (Cigatoka) development		In endemic areas grow resistant banana variety - Sakkare bale. At the time of planting the rhizomes may treated with any one of the Fungicides /lit. water a)Propiconozole 25 EC 1.0 ml. b)Theiophenate methyl 70 Wdiv 1.0 g. c)Carbendazim 50 Wdiv 1.0 g. d)Metham Sodium (Vapom) - 1.0 g. In Mashy area provide drainage.
Field bean pod borer	Pod development	Dust 10 kg. Fenvalrate 0.4 D. OR Malathion 5 D. per acre during morning hours.

Block level weather forecast (From 22-03-2025 to 26-03-2025)							
Chamarajanagara							
Parameter 22.03.2025 23.03.2025 24.03.2025 25.03.2025 26.03.2025							
Rainfall (mm)	0	5	3.2	6.6	0		
Max. temp (°C)	32.6	31.2	30.5	32	32.6		
Min.Temp (°C)	20.6	20.7	20.8	20.6	21.2		
Sky condition (Octas)	2	3	3	2	2		
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	91.2	88.1	85.2	80.1	80.3		
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	38	41.2	39.3	34.7	33.9		
Wind Speed (kmph)	6.4	6.4	6.4	5.8	4.8		
Wind Direction	153.5	153.5	153.5	158.2	153.5		

Gundlupete							
Parameter	22.03.2025	23.03.2025	24.03.2025	25.03.2025	26.03.2025		
Rainfall (mm)	0.4	3.1	3	0.8	0		
Max. temp (°C)	32.9	31.7	30.5	32	32.7		
Min.Temp (°C)	20	20.2	20.2	20.2	20.7		
Sky condition (Octas)	3	3	2	1	2		
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	84.1	83.6	78.6	73	77.5		
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	34.2	36	37.6	33.2	31.7		
Wind Speed (kmph)	3.9	3.4	4.3	3.6	3.2		
Wind Direction	158.2	161.6	155.6	174.3	90		

Kollegala						
Parameter	22.03.2025	23.03.2025	24.03.2025	25.03.2025	26.03.2025	
Rainfall (mm)	0	3.6	4	2.9	0	
Max. temp (°C)	34.2	32.5	32.2	33.6	34.4	
Min.Temp (°C)	21.6	21.9	21.9	21.9	22.6	
Sky condition (Octas)	3	3	2	1	2	
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	78	77.6	79.4	74.7	68.8	
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	33	38.9	34.4	31	29	
Wind Speed (kmph)	4.1	4.2	3.2	3	3.3	
Wind Direction	164.8	160.1	153.5	166	167.5	

Yelandur						
Parameter	22.03.2025	23.03.2025	24.03.2025	25.03.2025	26.03.2025	
Rainfall (mm)	0.1	3.1	4.2	4.4	0	
Max. temp (°C)	33.9	32.5	32.1	33.2	34.1	
Min.Temp (°C)	21.2	21.5	21.6	21.6	22.2	
Sky condition (Octas)	3	3	2	1	2	
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	84.9	84.1	79.8	74.2	73.1	
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	34.8	40.5	35.4	32	29.7	
Wind Speed (kmph)	4.6	4.2	3.5	3.3	3.3	
Wind Direction	161.6	160.1	156.1	167.5	167.5	

Hanur						
Parameter	22.03.2025	23.03.2025	24.03.2025	25.03.2025	26.03.2025	
Rainfall (mm)	0.8	9.1	8.4	2.6	0	
Max. temp (°C)	32.7	30.7	30.2	32.1	32.8	
Min.Temp (°C)	20.5	20.7	20.8	20.9	21.2	

Sky condition (Octas)	2	4	3	2	2
Relative humidity (%) 0830 hours	85.6	83	80.7	76.8	74.8
Relative humidity (%) 1730 hours	36.6	40.6	39.4	33	30.1
Wind Speed (kmph)	3.5	5.2	3.8	3	3.1
Wind Direction	156.1	164.1	163.3	166	159.5

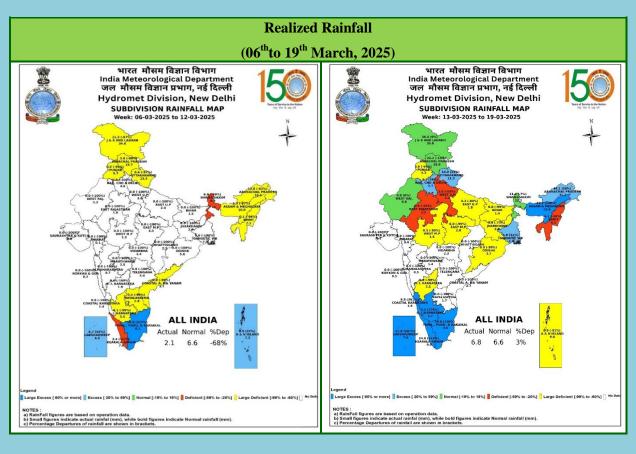
- Download "**DAMINI**" app to get early warning on lightening and take precautions based on the alert given by the application.
- Kindly download "MAUSAM" APP for location specific forecast & warning &"MEGHDOOT" APP for Agromet advisory
- This information is available in the website: mausam.imd.gov.in

For any information farmers can contact **Dr. C. Ramachandra**, Senior Farm Superintendent/ **Dr. Sumanth Kumar.G.V**, Technical officer over phone No. 0821-259126/ 9535345814.

AMFU of IMD, Naganahalli, Mysuru

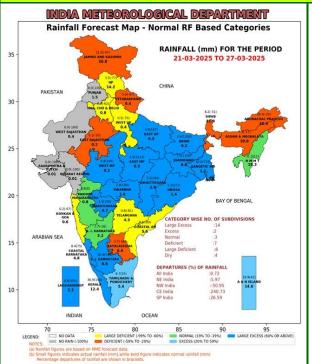
वास्तविकवर्षातथाविस्तारितअवधिपूर्वानुमान Realized Rainfall and Extended Range Forecast (वर्षाऔरतापमान)

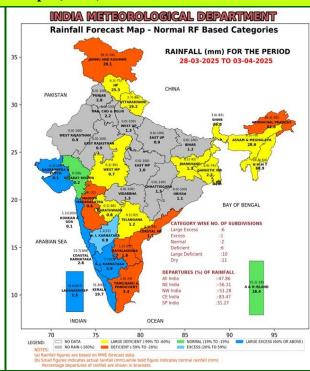
(Rainfall and Temperature)



Extended Range Forecast System

Rainfall forecast maps for the next 2 weeks (IC- 19thMarch,2025) (21st Marchto 03rd April, 2025)

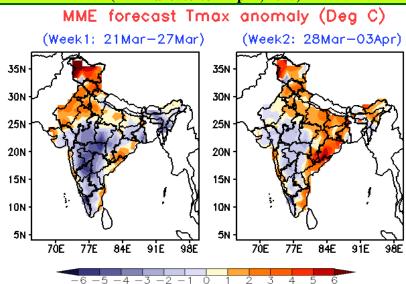




- Week1(21.03.2025 to 27.03.2025):Rainfall is likely to be above normalover Kerala, Karnataka, Gangetic West Bengal and Jharkhand.Rainfall activity is also likely over many parts of East and North East India, Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, some parts of Tamil Nadu and Chhattisgarh.
- Week 2 (28.03.2025 to 03.04.2025):Rainfall is likely to be above normalover Keralaand Karnataka.Rainfall activity is also likely over North East India, Jammu & Kashmir and Himachal Pradesh.

Maximum and Minimum temperature anomaly (°C) forecast for the next 2 weeks (IC- 19thMarch,2025)

(21st Marchto 03rd April, 2025)

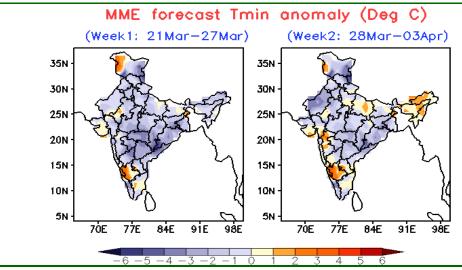


Maximum Temperature (Tmax)

• Week 1 (21.03.2025 to 27.03.2025): Maximum temperature is likely to be above normal over North West India, Konkan-Goa, Odisha, coastal regions of Coastal Andhra Pradesh

and Tamil Nadu. However, it is likely to be below normal over Central India, many parts of West India and South India.

• Week 2 (28.03.2025 to 03.04.2025): Maximum temperature is likely to be above normal over North West India, East India, North East India, Konkan-Goa, Chhattisgarh, Coastal Andhra Pradesh and Tamil Nadu. However, it is likely to be below normal over many parts of Central India and parts of South India.



Minimum Temperature (Tmin)

- Week 1 (21.03.2025 to 27.03.2025): Minimum temperature is likely to be below normal over most parts of the country and below normal over parts of Karnataka.
- Week 2 (28.03.2025 to 03.04.2025): Minimum temperature is likely to be below normal over many parts of the country. However, it is likely to be above normal over North East India and parts of East Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Maharashtra, Karnataka and Gujarat.