

# UNIVERSITY OF AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE, BENGALURU GRAMIN KRISHI MAUSAM SEWA(GKMS) AMFU OF IMD, BENGALURU



# **AGROMET-ADVISORY BULLETIN**

Date: 11.07.2023

Issued jointly by, UAS, Bengaluru & Indian Meteorological Department

# The forecast is valid for Bengaluru urban district.

Significant past weather for the preceding week					
Parameter	07.07.2023	08.07.2023	09.07.2023	10.07.2023	11.07.2023
Rainfall (mm)	0	3.6	3.6	0.8	15.8
Max. temp(°C)	30.0	30.4	29.2	30.0	28.0
Min.Temp(°C)	20.2	19.8	19.0	20.2	20.0
Sky condition(Octas)	4	4	4	4	4
Relative humidity(%) 0830 hours	73	78	90	76	88
Relative humidity(%) 1730 hours	50	60	48	62	
Wind Speed (kmph)	9.3	6.8	5.4	4.0	3.3
Wind Direction	230	230	230	230	230

## Weather forecast (Valid from 12-07-2023 to 16-07-2023)

#### Forecast summary:

Parameters	12.07.2023	13.07.2023	14.07.2023	15.07.2023	16.07.2023
Rainfall (mm)	4	4	4	4	3
Max Temp Trend ( °C)	28	28	28	28	28
Min Temp Trend ( <sup>o</sup> C)	20	20	20	20	20
Total cloud cover (octa)	8	8	7	8	8
Relative humidity (%)Max	90	90	92	92	92
Relative humidity (%)Min	89	89	91	91	91
Wind speed(Km/hr)	8	7	8	8	7
Wind Direction (Degrees)	249	249	249	252	252

# Light rain forecasted by IMD, Bangalore during next 5 days. The Maximum temperature ranges from 28.0°C and Minimum of 20.0°C. Relative humidity 90-92% during morning hrs and 89-91% during noon is expected. Wind speed is 7-8 km/hr.

#### Weather Based Agro Advisories

Crop information and Crop Stages of the major Kharif/Rabi crops

District	Kharif crops			Horticulture crops		
Bangalore	Groundnut	Redgram	<b>Finger millet</b>	Maize	Grape	Mango
Urban (BU)	S.G,EV	S,G,EV	-	S,G,EV	-	-

G: Germination, S: Sowing, EV: Early vegetative, VG: Vegetative growth, TR: Tranplanting, PI: Peg initiation, FLI: Flag leaf initiation, F: Flowering, PF: Pod formation, PM: Pod Maturity, T: Tillering,, Ts: Taselling, E: Ear head emergence, GF: Grain filling, H: Harvesting IBI: Inflorescence Bud initiation, PP(V): Pod Picking Vegetable, F& FS: Flowering to fruit setting, FD: Fruit Development, H: Harvesting, M: Maturation, B: Branching

#### **Agromet Advisory:**

Crop/	Stage/	Pest and Disease	Agro advisories
Component	Condition		
General			ainstar starts from July 6 <sup>th</sup> and remains upto July 19 <sup>th</sup> .
			rainfall of Punarvasu rainstar is 48.3 mm.
		6	y on the bund involving <i>Melia dubia</i> (Hebbevu), Silver
		oak and Cau	surina is recommended for sustainable income under
		abnormal ex	treme rainfall events .

		• Farmers are advised to take up Ploughing or passing the cultivator
		in the areas where rainfall received and it should be taken up across the slope, it improves infiltration and conservation of rain
		<ul> <li>water but also avoids soil erosion.</li> <li>The farmers are procure good quality of seeds and fertilizers. Take up the commination text for Kharif serving.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>up the germination test for Kharif sowing.</li> <li>Take up land preparation and strengthen the bund with fodder grass which will facilitate conservation of rainwater due to pre-monsoon showers. Ploughing across the slope will make insitu soil moisture conservation</li> </ul>
		Time for application tank silt to increase soil fertility.
Kharif	Sowing,	The following crops are suggested for sowing.
crops	Germination	Under mono cropping the long duration crops:
	and Early	Redgram : TTB-7, BRG-1,2,4&5
	vegetative stage	Maize: Ganga-11, Deccan -103, Vijaya composite, Composite NAC-
	stage	6004,6002, Hybrid-Nityashree (NAH-2049)
		Under double cropping the medium to short duration crops:
		Groundnut : TMV-2, JL-24, KCG-6
		Cowpea: TVX-944, KBC-1, Green gram: PS-16, PDM-84,178 Black gram: Karagao-3, T-9, Rashmi(LBG-625).
		<ul> <li>Redgram seeds treat with Carbendazim or Thiram @ 2 g/kg of seed 24 hours before sowing (or) with talc formulation of <i>Trichoderma viride</i> @ 4g/kg of seed (or) <i>Pseudomonas fluorescens</i> @ 10 g/kg seed and <i>Rhizobium</i> @ 10 g/kg of seed .</li> <li>Wherever, the long duration crops like Redgram, and Castor has been sown, undertake earthing up operation in addition to the above agronomic measures. Earthing up makes a better availability of soil moisture to the crop rows through conversion of the land into ridges and furrow system.</li> <li>Wherever over population of crop plants is existing, undertake thinning operation for better availability of scarce soil moisture to the reduced population of crop plants.</li> <li>Due to high humidity (warm and humid weather) possibility of pest and disease build up is more in already sown crop. Take prophylactic measures depending on the crop.</li> </ul>
Mango		<ul> <li>Deep ploughing is recommended in mango orchard. Rainwater</li> </ul>
Mango		<ul> <li>harvesting through opening circular trenches around the tree at a distance of 6 feet and width at 9 inches, as well as depth and mulching the trenches with dry mango and green leaf manuring helps in retaining sufficient soil moisture in soil.</li> <li>Recommended for pruning of dried twigs and branches done in June-July month to facilitate the sunlight to bear the more fruits in</li> </ul>
		next seasons.
		Animal Husbandry
Dairy		1. Vaccinate the cow against the Black quarter disease. It is a bacterial
		disease caused by <i>Clostridium chauvoei</i> 2 Eagling cow containing about 17 per cent dietary fiber in the
		2. Feeding cow containing about 17 per cent dietary fiber in the animal feed are also helpful to increase fat percentage in milk. Concentrate mixture should comprise grains (40 per cent), oil cakes (32 per cent), brans (25per cent), mineral mixture (2 per
		cent) and common salt (1 per cent).

## AMFU of IMD Bengaluru

**Important Note:** Farmers are informed to use the APPs & Videos related to Weather information: MEGHDOOT, MAUSAM AND DAMINI APPS. This information is available in the website: *mausam.imd.gov.in*