

UNIVERSITY OF AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE, BENGALURU GRAMIN KRISHI MAUSAM SEWA(GKMS) AMFU OF IMD, BENGALURU



Date: 13.09.2022

AGROMET-ADVISORY BULLETIN

Issued jointly by, UAS, Bengaluru & Indian Meteorological Department

The forecast is valid for Bengaluru Rural district Weather forecast (Valid from 14-09-2022 to 18-09-2022)

Forecast summary:

Parameters	14.9.2022	15.9.2022	16.9.2022	17.9.2022	18.9.2022
Rainfall (mm)	3	2	0	1	2
Max Temp Trend (°C)	28	28	28	28	28
Min Temp Trend (°C)	20	20	20	20	20
Total cloud cover (octa)	7	7	6	6	7
Relative humidity (%)Max	85	83	81	81	81
Relative humidity (%)Min	66	63	61	61	62
Wind speed(Km/hr)	10	9	10	10	11
Wind Direction (Degrees)	248	248	248	248	248

Light rain is forecasted by IMD, Bangalore during next 5 days. The Maximum temperature ranges from 28.0°C and Minimum of 20.0°C. Relative humidity 81-85 % during morning hrs and 61-66 % during noon is expected. Wind speed is 9-11 km/hr.

Weather Based Agro Advisories

Crop information and Crop Stages of the major Kharif/Rabi crops

District	Kharif crops Horticulture				ture crops	
Bangalore Rural	Groundnut	Redgram	Finger millet	Maize	Grape	Mango
(BR)	PF	V	S,G,EV,V	Ts, CI	-	

G: Germination, S: Sowing, EV: Early vegetative, VG: Vegetative growth, TR: Tranplanting, PI: Peg initiation, FLI: Flag leaf initiation, F: Flowering, PF: Pod formation, PM: Pod Maturity, T: Tillering,, Ts: Taselling, E: Ear head emergence, GF: Grain filling, H: Harvesting IBI: Inflorescence Bud initiation, PP(V): Pod Picking Vegetable, F& FS: Flowering to fruit setting, FD: Fruit Development, H: Harvesting, M: Maturation, B: Branching, CI: Cob Initiation

Agromet Advisory:

Crop/	Stage/	Pest and Disease	Agro advisories
Component	Condition		
General			ainstar starts from September 13 th and remains up to
		September 26 th . The normal rainfall of Uttara rainstar is 91.9	
		mm.	
		2. Due to excess soil moisture in crop field, weeds problem will be	
		more. Advised to take care of mechanical or chemical weed	
		control measures	
		3. Advised	to undertake transplanting ragi seedlings wherever
		there is	patchy stand to maintain the uniform plant populations
		to get hi	gher yield.

Kharif crops	Sowing, Germination	The following crops are suggested for sowing. on Finger millet Ragi (Indaf-5, 7,9, ML-365, KMR-301), Horse gram-			
Сторѕ	and Early	PHG-9, KBH-1, Niger, Field bean-HA-3 and 4 and sunflower-KBSH-			
	vegetative	1,41,42, 44 & 53, cowpea (KBC-1, TVX-944 and PKB-4 for vegetable			
	stage	purpose).			
		 Maize: Ganga-11, Deccan -103, Vijaya composite, Composite NAC- 6004,6002, Hybrid-Nityashree (NAH-2049), Hybrid Hema (NAH-1137) 1. These maize varieties resistance to Stem borer, Leaf blight and Downey mildew disease 2. Suggested for intercultivation for early sown Ragi crop 3. Wherever over population of crop plants is existing, undertake thinning operation for better availability of scarce soil moisture to the reduced population of crop plants. 4. To control of leaf folder insect in Redgram to spray Methomyl 40SP, 2 gram/litre of water before flowering of crop. 5. If Wilt diseases noticed in Redgram field –Drenching Carbendazim 			
		50 WP 2 g/litre of water.			
		6. Remove and burn the infected Wilt diseases Redgram plant in field. Horticulture crop			
Mango		1. 1-2 deep ploughing is recommended in mango orchard. Rainwater harvesting through opening circular trenches around the tree at a distance of 6 feet and width at 9 inches, as well as depth and mulching the trenches with dry mango and green leaf manuring helps in retaining sufficient soil moisture in soil.			
		Sericulture			
	1. Mainta	in the optimum room temperature in Sericulture unit.			
Dairy	Piggery > Vaccin (BQ) D	 Congenial climate and abundant fodder availability facilitate improved Dairy, Piggery, Poultry, Sheep and Goat rearing. Vaccinate the cow against the Haemorrhagic Septecemia (HS) and Black Quarter (BQ) Disease at the age of six month old calf. 			
		Feeding of lactating cow			
	maxim	 Proper feeding of dairy cattle should envisage minimum wastage of nutrients and maximum returns in respect of milk produced. A concentrate mixture made up of protein supplements such as oil cakes, energy sources such as cereal grains (Maize, Jowar), tapioca chips and laxative feeds such as brans (rice bran, wheat bran, gram husk) is generally used. Mineral mixture containing major and all the trace elements should be included at a level of 2 percent. 			
	sources as bran Minera				
		fiber for milking cow should be 17 % and NDF (Neutral Detergent Fiber)			

AMFU of IMD Bengaluru