

UNIVERSITY OF AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE, BENGALURU GRAMIN KRISHI MAUSAM SEWA(GKMS) AMFU OF IMD, BENGALURU



AGROMET-ADVISORY BULLETIN

Date: 06.12.2022

Issued jointly by, UAS, Bengaluru & Indian Meteorological Department The forecast is valid for Bengaluru Rural district Weather forecast (Valid from 07-12-2022 to 11-12-2022)

Forecast summary:

Parameters	07.12.2022	08.12.2022	09.12.2022	10.12.2022	11.12.2022
Rainfall (mm)	0	0	3	7	5
Max Temp Trend (^o C)	28	25	24	26	27
Min Temp Trend (°C)	18	18	18	19	19
Total cloud cover (octa)	4	4	5	5	5
Relative humidity (%)Max	86	86	88	88	90
Relative humidity (%)Min	65	65	67	67	69
Wind speed(Km/hr)	6	7	8	8	9
Wind Direction (Degrees)	66	22	27	117	112

Light rain forecasted by IMD, Bangalore during next 5 days. The Maximum temperature ranges from 24.0-28.0°C and Minimum of 18.0-19.0°C. Relative humidity 86-90 % during morning hrs and 65-69 % during noon is expected. Wind speed is 6-9 km/hr.

Weather Based Agro Advisories

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Chan information	and Cron Staggs of the major	Vharif/Dahi arang
Стор иногшацов з	and Crop Stages of the major	КПАГП/КАВІ СГОВ

District	Kharif crops			Horticulture crops		
Bangalore Rural	Groundnut	Redgram	Finger millet	Maize	Grape	Mango
(BR)		PF,GF,M	M,H		-	

G: Germination, S: Sowing, EV: Early vegetative, VG: Vegetative growth, TR: Tranplanting, PI: Peg initiation, FLI: Flag leaf initiation, F: Flowering, PF: Pod formation, PM: Pod Maturity, T: Tillering,, Ts: Taselling, E: Ear head emergence, GF: Grain filling, H: Harvesting IBI: Inflorescence Bud initiation, PP(V): Pod Picking Vegetable, F& FS: Flowering to fruit setting, FD: Fruit Development, H: Harvesting, M: Maturation, B: Branching, CI: Cob Initiation

Agromet Advisory:

Crop/	Stage/	Pest and Disease	Agro advisories
Component	Condition		
General		normal rainf The followi	star starts from December 3 rd to December 15 th . The fall of Jyestha rainstar is 7.7 mm. ng crops are suggested for sowing.
		cowpea (KI Horse gram- • The grains retaining m Oilseeds-8%	HA-3 and 4 and sunflower-KBSH-1,41,42, 44 & 53, BC-1, TVX-944 and PKB-4 for vegetable purpose). - PHG-9, KBH-1 of the harvested crops should be properly dried by oisture percentage of Cereals 11-12 %, Pulses-9%, b and Vegetable seeds 5-6% for long storage & also e store pest damage.
		• To protect t	he pulse grains from storage pests apply oils of Castor/ ge/neem oil @ 3-5 ml per kg of grains.
Finger	Harvesting	1. Crop can be l	narvested by picking earheads
millet		2. Advised for h gunny bag.	narvested crops cleaning, drying and storage in dry

		 Mechanical harvesting is possible in non lodged crops. Dry the harvested produce properly. 	
Maize	Harvesting	 Matured cobs can be harvested by hand picking Dry the harvested produce properly. 	
Groundnut			
		Horticulture crop	
Mango	Flower bud	1. Clear the weeds in Mango orchard/Guava/Sapota put it under the basin as mulch.	
	initiation and Flowering2. If Phaneroganic plants are growing on the mango tree to cut/prune out completely and apply Bordeaux paste or Copper oxy chloride that portion.3. Remove the weeds such as lantana which are growing under the mango tree.3. Remove the weeds such as lantana which are growing under the mango tree.4. Leaf hopper and Powdery mildew disease incidence is more before flowering and immediately after fruit formation to manage spraying of Carbaryl, 50WP @4g/litre of water or Imidachlorprid @ 0.3ml/ litre of water for management of leaf hopper.5. Spray Lamda Cyhalothrin 5EC @ 0.5 ml/ litre of water or sulphur dust (SULTAF) 80 W @3g/litre of water against the Powdery mildew diseases.6. If the incidence of Leaf hopper is severe spray Azadirachtin (10,000 ppm) @ 7.0 ml/ litre of water.1. To protect animals from a sudden drop in temperature, keep the animals in a covered shed/area during the night. The bedding/hay in the animal sheds must be kept dry and changed/aired every day.2. Due care should be taken to store/procure fodder for periods of shortage that may occur during the winter months in certain areas. Perennial grasses must be cut at this		
	time.		
		Sericulture	
	 Manage dry slak Feed sil of left of thin. If the s heater / Collect antimus street on Dust Vir recomm 	nuscardine: caused by <i>Beauveria bassiana</i> , e the humidity in the rearing house by providing good cross-ventilation. Dust ted lime powder when silkworms settle for moult. kworms with adequate quantity of mulberry leaves to avoid the accumulation over leaves in the rearing bed. Make sure that the silkworm bed is dry and silkworm rearing house temperature falls below 22°C, raise it using room charcoal stove. muscardine affected larvae from the rearing bed before mummification, dust acardine bed disinfectant and finally burn them. Do not throw them on the r feed to animals / birds. jetha and Vijetha Supplement or Ankush bed disinfectant as per nended schedule or dust any recommended anti-muscardine bed disinfectant the schedule.	
	1 171	Poultry	
	directio	altry house should be located in such a way that long axis is in east-west n. This will prevent the direct sunshine over the birds. ng at one day of age, the chick should be housed at a temperature 35° C will	

 maintain one week, at a relative humidity between 40 - 60% after wards 2 to 4 weeks temperature decreases every week by 2° C. 3. Provide artificial brooding to chicks to maintain adequate temperature. 4. Care should be taken to prevent the chicks from being exposed to wind chill. 5. Sides should be covered with curtains during cool hours of the day.
6. Wet litter material should be removed regularly7. Ensure proper cross ventilation to avoid ammonia accumulation

AMFU of IMD Bengaluru

Important Note: Farmers are informed to use the APPs & Videos related to Weather information: MEGHDOOT, MAUSAM AND DAMINI APPS. This information is available in the website: *mausam.imd.gov.in*